

**Chapter 4 Multiple Choice Quiz**

1. Not able to breathe:  
A. atrophy  
B. tachypnea  
C. dysplasia  
D. dyspnea  
E. apnea
2. Before birth:  
A. antigen  
B. antepartum  
C. postpartum  
D. postnatal  
E. neonatal
3. Deficiency in red blood cells or of the hemoglobin within the red cells:  
A. antigen  
B. antepartum  
C. postpartum  
D. postnatal  
E. neonatal
4. Excessive (more than normal) development:  
A. hypoplasia  
B. dysplasia  
C. atrophy  
D. hypertrophy  
E. neoplastic
5. A return of symptoms of illness:  
A. remission  
B. resection  
C. prolapse  
D. prosthesis  
E. relapse
6. Difficult, painful urination:  
A. urinalysis  
B. dysuria  
C. polyuria  
D. hematuria  
E. uremia
7. A protein made by white blood cells and capable of destroying bacteria and viruses:  
A. antibody  
B. antibiotic  
C. antigen  
D. hemoglobin  
E. leukocyte
8. An irregularity that occurs at birth:  
A. intrauterine  
B. neonatal  
C. benign  
D. congenital anomaly  
E. ectopic pregnancy
9. Slow heartbeat:  
A. bradycardia  
B. tachypnea  
C. cardiomegaly  
D. myocardial infarction  
E. tachycardia
10. An artificial part:  
A. metacarpal  
B. epidermis  
C. prosthesis  
D. anomaly  
E. intervertebral disk
11. Pertaining to under the shoulder bone:  
A. subcostal  
B. hypodermic  
C. subdural  
D. epidural  
E. subscapular
12. Pertaining to both (two) sides:  
A. unilateral  
B. tricuspid  
C. intravenous  
D. sagittal  
E. bilateral
13. Process of recording sound waves to make an image of organs in the body:  
A. CT scan  
B. ultrasonography  
C. MRI  
D. endoscopy  
E. dialysis
14. Endocrine glands that are near (above) each kidney:  
A. adrenal  
B. prostate  
C. subcostal  
D. parathyroid  
E. transurethral

15. The spread of a cancerous tumor to another organ away from the original location:
- A. subcutaneous
  - B. carcinoma
  - C. neoplastic
  - D. metastasis
  - E. malignant
16. Two prefixes that mean “beyond”:
- A. tachy- and brady-
  - B. pro- and pre-
  - C. dys- and mal-
  - D. re- and retro-
  - E. ultra- and meta-
17. A word that means “complete separation” and is the process of separating wastes from the blood:
- A. dialysis
  - B. diarrhea
  - C. urinalysis
  - D. syndrome
  - E. subcutaneous
18. A membrane that surrounds bone:
- A. pericardium
  - B. peritoneum
  - C. epidermis
  - D. subcostal
  - E. periosteum
19. A prefix that has the same meaning as “ante” is:
- A. a-, an-
  - B. anti-
  - C. pro-
  - D. ad-
  - E. pan-
20. Poly- has a similar meaning with:
- A. re-
  - B. dys-
  - C. syn-
  - D. hyper-
  - E. hypo-
21. A group of symptoms that occur together is called a(an):
- A. analysis
  - B. syndrome
  - C. dialysis
  - D. prognosis
  - E. remission
22. A prefix that means “near, along the side of” is:
- A. neo-
  - B. pro-
  - C. peri-
  - D. para-
  - E. dia-
23. An abnormal collection of blood above the membrane covering the brain:
- A. subdural hematoma
  - B. cerebral hemorrhage
  - C. thrombosis
  - D. epidural hematoma
  - E. subdural hemorrhage
24. Two prefixes that mean “within”:
- A. ante- and pro-
  - B. endo- and intra-
  - C. hypo- and sub-
  - D. syn- and con-
  - E. extra- and ec-
25. If an organ slides or falls forward, the condition is called:
- A. neoplasm
  - B. relapse
  - C. remission
  - D. prolapse
  - E. dysmenorrhea